

name and an elector at large. He would agree to no concession.

DEMOCRATS WAIT FOR NEW YORK TO SPEAK.
It is well known that Democrats all over the country are awaiting the results of the Democratic State convention, which is to be held here tomorrow. The town is filled with newspaper correspondents from Washington and points further South and from the West and the Pacific Slope. The outcome of the convention will, without doubt, have a vast effect on Judge Parker's fortunes as a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination, and it is known here that the work of the convention is intended to have an influence, and a most notable one, on the Democratic outlook in this State.

Alexander S. Troup of Connecticut, who was a notable Cleveland man, then a Bryan man, and is now a Hearst boomer in the Nutmeg State, arrived here today. James M. Head, Democratic national committeeman for Tennessee, is also on the ground. Before going any further a little story should be told about the Hearst situation.

ONLY A MANUFACTURED HEARST SENTIMENT.
The Hearst boomers have opened very elegant headquarters in the Ten Eyck Hotel. It is beautifully adorned with bunting, but it has been empty all day. This morning the *New York Herald* desired a photograph of the headquarters, and it was thought advisable that the headquarters should appear to be filled with eager and enthusiastic Hearst men. It was impossible, though, to get any of the Democrats here to appear in the picture, and so the adherents of Mr. Hearst, anxious to have the picture in the *Herald* look as fine as possible, got a number of accommodating newspaper correspondents from all over the country to throw into the Hearst headquarters and have their pictures taken as real live, up-to-date Hearst boomers.

Immediately after this incident the newspaper men who had been sent here from Texas to tell about the great Democratic Presidential ticket of Hearst and Hogg telegraphed each other that they might as well fling up the sponge, so far as his aspirations as a Vice-Presidential candidate were concerned, for the reason that there was no Hearst sentiment outside of a purely manufactured one, among the Democrats of the Empire State.

AS TO UNANIMITY IN NEW YORK.
It was ascertained that not only are the Democrats in Georgia and other Southern States awaiting news that this convention has instructed the delegation for Judge Parker, but it was made known today that the Democrats of Indiana and Illinois are similarly fixed and that they are holding their delegations in leash. The information, though, that these Democrats from other States are awaiting information from this convention is also accompanied by statements to the effect that the Democrats of New York State should be practically unanimous in their demand for Chief Judge Parker's nomination, if it is to result victoriously for the Judge at the St. Louis national convention. Any serious opposition to Chief Judge Parker in his own State, it was declared, might not have its effect immediately in other States, but at St. Louis it is bound to provoke abundant discussion and might eventually prevent Chief Judge Parker's nomination.

Judge Parker's friends poolpooned any statements of that kind and insist that the action of this State convention in instructing for Judge Parker, by a vote of 75 per cent of the delegates, was practically unanimous in the Empire State. This opinion is shared by William F. Sheehan, Senator Patrick H. McCarren and August Belmont, all of whom arrived here today. PARKER'S VIEWS AS TO THE PLATFORM.

Mr. Sheehan has been the guest of Judge Parker at Esopus for the last three days, and he came back imbued with Judge Parker's ideas as to the resolutions which this convention should adopt. They have not been changed a particle, and Judge Parker's attitude on this matter is shared by Mr. Sheehan and Senator McCarren. In a word, Judge Parker believes that the less said about national issues at this time the better for the reason that the platform to be adopted by the national convention at St. Louis should be threshed out by the committee on resolutions of the national convention. Judge Parker, Mr. Sheehan and Mr. McCarren do not believe in going into details at this time on any particular issue.

It is well known that Judge Parker and Mr. Sheehan and Mr. McCarren believe that the following issues have been eliminated from the national controversy: Opposition to the expansion policy as represented in the Philippine Islands; opposition to the Panama treaty, and further recognition of the Bryan free silver to it; thereby, Judge Parker and Mr. Sheehan and Mr. McCarren, it is declared, believe in announcing, in a few general outlines, the paramount questions for discussion among Democrats at this moment and then submitting the whole question to the convention at St. Louis.

The Southerners and their friends have taken no part as yet in the discussion as to what should be outlined in platform matters by this Democratic State convention. They merely wish to hear that the New York State Democrats have instructed the delegation for Chief Judge Parker and nothing more.

Senator McCarren of Kings county is to be chairman of the committee on resolutions.

HILL DIFFERS WITH PARKER.
Ex-Senator David B. Hill, it was declared this morning, differs radically with Judge Parker and Mr. Sheehan and Mr. McCarren and believes that this convention should set forth the wishes of the New York State Democrats on all national matters. Mr. Hill has had a week or more a list of what he considers to be burning issues and he is very tenacious in upholding his position. He believes that he understands the Democratic sentiment of the country quite as well as anybody. Early this morning he came in from Wolfert's Roost and took charge of the discussion at the Hotel Ten Eyck. He was quickly surrounded by his friends, Elliot Danforth, Norman E. Mack, Frank Campbell and John N. Carlisle.

Mr. Hill's apartments adjoin those where the Democratic State committee is to assemble tomorrow morning at a check for the purpose of choosing the judges of the Rochester temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Hill is well aware that his views as to the policy concerning a platform are not agreeable to some of Judge Parker's other friends, and it was for that reason that early this morning he decided to call a conference of the judges of the Ten Eyck. Mr. Hill said that he did not care to make any announcements until the result of this conference was known.

THE BIG FOUR.
It has been settled that Mr. Hill of Albany, Edward Murphy, Jr., of Rensselaer, August Belmont of New York and James W. Ridgway of Kings shall be the four delegates at large for the State to the national convention. The selection of Mr. Belmont has been made without consultation with Leader Charles E. Murphy of Tammany Hall, who provides over the great organization of Democrats in New York county.

While Mr. Murphy and Mr. Belmont are personally friendly, it is well known that Mr. Belmont has uttered strong opposition sentiments to Mr. Murphy's attitude against an instructed delegation for the State for Judge Parker. It was the opinion here that Mr. Belmont has been selected as the delegate at large to represent Mr. Murphy's organization through the influence of Judge Parker, Mr. Sheehan and Mr. McCarren.

As yet Mr. Murphy has expressed no sentiments of opposition to Mr. Belmont's selection. No word of objection has been heard against Mr. Hill or Edward Murphy, Jr., as delegates at large, and Mr. McCarren has put on Jimmy Ridgway as the Kings County man for reasons of his own. Some of Jimmy Ridgway's friends here declare that he would make a mighty good Democratic candidate for Governor next fall. That he is a fine speaker and a good campaigner, and in addition to all this Jimmy Ridgway, it was added, would be one of the surest plums for Hugh McCarren. James Sheelin and their friends in Kings county to swallow as a gubernatorial candidate.

MURPHY'S FUTURE.
Should Judge Parker be nominated at St. Louis, it is positive information that Senator McCarren will be all powerful in conducting the campaign in New York State, that Senator McCarren will be the national committeeman from the State to succeed Norman E. Mack and that Mr. McCarren will be mighty influential in naming the Democratic candidate for Governor next fall. All of these calculations have been made without the slightest consultation with Leader Murphy of Tammany, and he may have something to say about them before it is too late. It is the country to throw into the Hearst headquarters and have their pictures taken as real live, up-to-date Hearst boomers.

MURPHY STANDS FIRM.
Mr. Murphy came here today with his friends, Bourke Cockran, John J. Delany and Victor J. Dowling, and not one of them has budged an inch in their opposition to an instructed delegation for Judge Parker. Mr. Murphy's friends persist in saying that Mr. Hill had declared to them that no new State committee should be elected by the convention which is to assemble to-morrow.

The majority sentiment today is that a new State committee will certainly be elected, and yet at times Mr. Hill and his friends have hesitated to take that step. A number of candidates for State chairman to succeed Frank Campbell have appeared on the field, the two most notable executive chairmen of the committee, and Melville C. Havens of Syracuse, who has been one of Mr. Hill's great men in charge of Democratic State headquarters in this city. It looks as though Mr. Campbell will remain in his place should he so desire, and yet all of these matters will not be definitely settled until to-morrow.

Quite a number of Democrats here do not hesitate to say that Mr. Hill, while doubtless sincere in his advocacy of Judge Parker as the Democratic Presidential candidate, is giving very much more heed to the upbuilding of a strong Hill machine in the State for the purpose of controlling the nominations for State officers next fall. Mr. Hill and all of his friends believe that Judge Parker's candidacy for the Presidency would result in returning New York State to the Democratic column, and in this way Judge Parker's candidacy would, undoubtedly, elect a Democratic State ticket.

MURPHY TALKS WITH HILL.
Leader Murphy of Tammany had a long talk with Mr. Hill at the Ten Eyck late this afternoon. In that talk Mr. Murphy notified Mr. Hill that under no circumstances would he or his friends take one backward step in their opposition to instructing the delegates of New York State for Judge Parker. Mr. Murphy went over with Mr. Hill his arguments in opposition to an instructed delegation. Mr. Hill would not retire from his position and Mr. Murphy would not retire from his, and there you are. The fight will go on till the convention, according to the best information from both Mr. Hill and Mr. Murphy, and yet it is known that the friends of the two men are working overtime to-night in their efforts to bring about some sort of a compromise of the present highly strained situation.

A COMPROMISE PROPOSED.
There is free talk that at the last moment the attitude which the Democratic State convention adopted in 1876 toward Samuel J. Tilden shall be revived and be made the keynote of this convention. The attitude in a nutshell was that the New York Democratic State delegates who were sent in that year to the National convention believed confidently in Mr. Tilden's availability and his Democratic strength before the convention, and that the New York State delegation looked forward confidently to his nomination for President.

It was said that a resolution of that character would be satisfactory to a number of friends of Judge Parker, as well as to the adherents of Mr. Murphy; but, on the other hand, the strongest adherents of Judge Parker object strenuously to any such policy, and so, too, for that matter, do some of the friends of Mr. Murphy. It is a resolution which would in any way look like a compromise or a retracting of his steps in his opposition to the policy of instruction. Nevertheless, it should be reiterated with a good deal of emphasis that there are Democrats utterly friendly to Judge Parker who advise that the convention should follow in the footsteps of the Samuel Tilden State convention of 1876.

NO COMPROMISE, SAYS CAMPBELL.
It doesn't look, though, like a compromise to-night, for the reason that the national Democrats from other States were joined here to-night by Daniel J. Campau, national Democratic committeeman from Michigan, and all of these Democrats have poured a volley into Judge Parker's friends that they must not take one backward step in their determination to instruct the delegates to the national convention. Mr. Campau said that he is having a pretty hard time of it in Michigan with the emissaries of Mr. Hearst; and it was Mr. Campau's opinion, which sustains the opinions of the other national Democrats, that if this convention is not instructed for Judge Parker the delegations from other States to the national convention will be at sixes and sevens, and that if the death knell of the Hearst movement is to be accomplished at once it can only be accomplished by the Democrats of New York State instructing for Parker.

HILL DETERMINED TO ELECT NEW STATE COMMITTEE.
The statement that Mr. Hill informed Mr. Murphy at the recent meeting of the Democratic State committee in Albany, that the convention which is to be held to-morrow would not elect a new State committee, was confirmed to-night, and yet

Mr. Hill has changed his mind and is now determined to elect a new State committee. The explanation for Mr. Hill's decision to elect a new State committee at this convention, when he promised Leader Charles F. Murphy faithfully that he would not do so, but that the present committee would go over until the fall, is that Mr. Hill desires in every way to help along Senator McCarren's fight with Mr. Murphy. The recent developments in Brooklyn, by which Senator McCarren's leadership was questioned in that ballroom, and the hurried pleading of the Kings county delegates to this convention, led Mr. Hill to believe that Mr. McCarren's leadership might become unstable during the summer months and eventually be overthrown at the fall primaries. So Mr. Hill, seeing for Mr. McCarren entirely, insists on breaking his pledge to Mr. Murphy and in electing a new State committee at this time. Mr. Hill is now fully aware that Mr. Hill does not intend to keep his word.

PROBABLE MEMBERS OF NEW COMMITTEE.
The probable members of the new Democratic State committee are as follows:

First district, John J. Kennedy, New Brighton; Second, Joseph J. Connelley, Long Island City; Third, Michael J. Cummings, Brooklyn; Fourth, Joseph J. Connelley, Brooklyn; Fifth, Doyle, Brooklyn; Sixth, James Sheelin, Brooklyn; Seventh, H. H. McCarren, Brooklyn; Eighth, Patrick H. McCarren, Brooklyn; Ninth, Conrad Bannister, Brooklyn; Tenth, Daniel B. Finn, New York City; Eleventh, John T. Oakley, New York City; Twelfth, John T. Oakley, New York City; Thirteenth, John T. Oakley, New York City; Fourteenth, Charles F. Murphy, New York City; Fifteenth, B. Burton Barker, New York City; Sixteenth, Daniel J. Campau, New York City; Seventeenth, Harry C. Hart, New York City; Eighteenth, Thomas J. Dunn, New York City; Nineteenth, Louis F. Haffen, New York City; Twentieth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-first, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-second, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-third, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-fourth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-fifth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-sixth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-seventh, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-eighth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Twenty-ninth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City; Thirtieth, Michael J. Cummings, New York City.

THE CHANGES IN THE COMMITTEE.
The changes in the new State committee are in the Third, Ninth, Twentieth, and Thirtieth districts. In the Third district, Michael J. Cummings succeeds Hugh McLaughlin, the only other change in the committee. In the Ninth district, Michael J. Cummings succeeds Hugh McLaughlin, the only other change in the committee. In the Twentieth district, Michael J. Cummings succeeds Hugh McLaughlin, the only other change in the committee. In the Thirtieth district, Michael J. Cummings succeeds Hugh McLaughlin, the only other change in the committee.

All this happened at a hearing on the municipal improvement bill, which adds the Mayor and Corporation Council to the present commission and gives the Mayor control of it. The cause of the hearing was the fact that the Mayor and Corporation Council had been elected by the Mayor and the President of the Common Council to preside at the meeting. Back of this is the feeling engendered by Mayor Hogan throwing aside former United States Senator Murphy, who made his election possible. The commission as it now stands is controlled by Murphy men.

The clash came when Mayor Hogan, stepping to the front, said: "This meeting is called to take action on two bills."

"You have no right to preside here. I am the president of the board," interrupted President Dougherty.

"The clerk will read the first bill," continued the Mayor.

When Leader Murphy of Tammany Hall was asked if there were to be any changes in the State committee representation from the Third and Ninth districts, he said he had not given the matter any consideration, as he was not aware until he arrived here to-day that a new State committee was to be elected.

Later it was asserted that the present committeemen from those two boroughs would be on the committee, with the exception of the one from the Ninth district, which is headed by Harry C. Hart, who has recently become someone on the outside with the Tammany organization.

While it is not settled who will be the State committeemen from the Second, Rensselaer county, it was said that ex-Mayor Daniel E. Conway of Troy was likely to succeed Mr. Murphy.

CONTEST FOR SEATS IN THE CONVENTION.
The committee on credentials of the convention will have eight contests to decide. There are half a dozen or more Hearst contests, but these don't count.

THE HEARST CONTESTS.
The Hearst contests are annoyed over this situation and threaten to organize a rival State convention, which would take the nature of a labor State convention, if it is called. In any event friends of Mr. Hearst said here to-night that he was to establish a chain of headquarters in the eastern tier of the State and along the Mohawk Valley for the purpose of overthrowing Mr. Hill as leader of the Democratic party of the State.

The usual paper contest has been gotten up in Clinton county against George Reed, who was elected to the State Senate in the Democratic State convention two years ago. It is almost positive, though, that Mr. Reed's delegates will be seated.

THE TOWN OF ALBANY.
The town of Albany is the only one in the State where the contest is not settled. Mr. Weed has come out bold and strong for Judge Parker's candidacy at St. Louis, but he has been met by a strong opposition. "There will be no more garroting of Democratic delegates if I can help it."

W. & J. SLOANE.
FOR the balance of this month, and in order to reduce our stock, we offer
CURTAINS
Lace Muslin Crete Net
also a splendid assortment of Muslins, Syrian Laces and Fancy Novelty Nets by the yard
AT 25 TO 33% OFF
the regular prices.
All these goods are of the highest grade and were especially selected for our best retail trade.
Broadway & 19th Street.

TROY'S MAYOR CAUSES A FIGHT

WILD SCENE OF DISORDER IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

The Mayor tries to usurp the place of the President of the Council and a Row Ensues—The President Assaulted and Several City Employees Mix It Up.

TROY, April 17.—The Common Council Chamber last night was the scene of the wildest and most disorderly proceedings ever witnessed within its walls. Violence and other disregard of order characterized the meeting. The President of the Common Council was assaulted, the Mayor was threatened and several city officials exchanged blows. The Chief of Police and the captain of the Second police precinct, with a squad of ten officers, reinforced by the Sheriff of the county and several deputies, had a difficult task in restoring a semblance of order. Threats and challenges to conflict filled the air and caused crowds on the street outside the city hall to believe that men were killing each other inside.

All this happened at a hearing on the municipal improvement bill, which adds the Mayor and Corporation Council to the present commission and gives the Mayor control of it. The cause of the hearing was the fact that the Mayor and Corporation Council had been elected by the Mayor and the President of the Common Council to preside at the meeting. Back of this is the feeling engendered by Mayor Hogan throwing aside former United States Senator Murphy, who made his election possible. The commission as it now stands is controlled by Murphy men.

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DEPORTED CONTRACT LABORERS.

54 in One Batch, Including Children, Caught Working in This State.

Several liners sailing on Saturday took away 127 deported immigrants, including eighty-four contract laborers, among whom are nine children.

Two of the cutters, Otto Froenimann and Emil Jung, arrived on the Red Star liner Zealand on March 22 and were detained for examination. They were bound for a factory at Camillus, near Syracuse. When they learned that they were to be sent back they said that seven other men who had been working at Camillus from six to ten months also had come here under contract.

Immigration Inspector Muller was sent to Camillus with a Federal warrant for the men. They got word of his coming and fled to another town in the same county. He got them on Friday. Their lawyer obtained a writ of habeas corpus from Judge McClenahan of the Appellate Division of the State Supreme Court and they were released on Friday night. The writ was returnable on Saturday morning. Inspector Muller telegraphed to Immigration Commissioner Williams, asking what he should do. The Commissioner answered that the writ was not good in the case of a Federal prisoner, and if Muller would see the Judge and explain the matter to him the prisoners doubtless would be locked up again. The Inspector saw the Judge, who said that he had been unaware of the facts in the case. The writ was quashed and the prisoners were brought to New York and sent off with the men who had informed.

ANTI-RENT RESOLUTION FAILS.

Even the C. F. U. Wouldn't Back a Proposal to Refuse to Pay the Landlord.

The resolution passed by the miscellaneous section of the Central Federated Union last week, calling upon wage workers to refuse to pay rent until their landlords agreed to a 25 per cent reduction, failed to do so. It was defeated by a vote of 10 to 10. Financial Secretary Herman Robinson said the C. F. U. could not afford to pass a resolution which would bring it into ridicule.

"While I with others am in favor of a reduction of the rents," he said, "I think it would come with a bad grace from this body to advise workmen to repudiate contracts they have legitimately entered into. When it came before the C. F. U. yesterday, Financial Secretary Herman Robinson said the C. F. U. could not afford to pass a resolution which would bring it into ridicule."

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ODELL'S ORDERS TO THE COURTS.

Justice Kruse Compelled to Convene Two Equity Courts To-day.

BUFFALO, April 17.—Justice Frederick W. Kruse will do tomorrow something that no Supreme Court Justice ever did before. He will convene two different courts, the Equity Court in two different counties. Last December he was assigned to convene a two weeks term of the court at Little Valley, Cattaraugus county, to-morrow.

Justice Kruse will convene the Buffalo term at 10 A. M. and then adjourn it to a later day. He will board the next train for Little Valley and convene the Cattaraugus county court in the afternoon.

Lawyers are wondering what Gov. Odell will do next in the foolish line. Justice Kruse declines to discuss the matter.

DAUGHTERS' CONGRESS TO-DAY.

To Lay the Cornerstone of the Memorial Continental Hall.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The thirtieth annual congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution will begin here to-morrow and last through the week. The notable incident of the meeting will be the laying of the cornerstone on Wednesday of the Memorial Continental Hall. The ceremonies will be conducted by the Masonic order, and the historic silver trowel used by Washington will be used in spreading the mortar for the cornerstone.

The long and bitter contention as to the actual founder of the Daughters of the American Revolution will probably be settled by the present congress, by the adoption of the report of Attorney William B. Matthews, Jr., awarding that honor to Mrs. Flora Adams Darling, A. M., of this city.

CHURCH'S TENTH ANNIVERSARY.

First Congregation of Its Kind to Be Established in Brooklyn.

The English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, at Bedford avenue and Heves street, Williamsburg, the first church of its kind to be established in Brooklyn and one of the most active promoters, celebrated its tenth anniversary yesterday. The interior was decorated with palms and ferns, and at the morning service the pastor, the Rev. S. G. Weiskotten, stated that during the ten years history of the church society \$204,000 has been contributed. He added that the church property cost \$10,000 and at the present time there was a remaining indebtedness of \$18,000.

Mr. Weiskotten said that since the formation of the church seven other English Lutheran churches had been established in Brooklyn, and all were in a flourishing condition.

CAMMEYER
6th Ave., Cor.
Made in New York
Our Five-Dollar Shoes are New York styles, made in New York, to be worn in New York and everywhere else.
They are made to meet the requirements of the kind of people who pay \$10 and \$12 for custom-made shoes no better than those of ours.
"The Varsity" Shoe for \$5.00
Men, Button, Lace and Oxfords.
in patent leather, enamel leather, black kid, black calf, Russian calf and tan kid.

Cammeyer's Shoe Specialties for Men.
Extra wide and narrow Shoes. The U-CAN-B-E-Z Shoe. Shoes for tender feet. The extra high instep Shoes. The extra low instep Shoes. Special measurement Shoes. Old-fashioned long-leg Boots. Men's Congress Shoes. Shoes for gouty feet.

MERRITT TO BE REAPPOINTED.
WASHINGTON POSTMASTER TO SUCCEED HIMSELF.
The President, However, Decides to Wait Until After Congress Adjourns—Merritt Was Mixed Up in the Postal Scandals and the Tulloch Charges.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—There is much speculation over the fact that the reappointment of John A. Merritt of Lockport, N. Y., as postmaster at Washington, has not yet been announced. Mr. Merritt's name is considerably in the dark and Mr. Merritt himself confidently expected that his name would be sent to the Senate for confirmation more than a month ago. Mr. Merritt is backed by Postmaster-General Payne and the united strength of the New York delegation.

Although Congress has in great measure recovered from its attack of hysteria, resulting from the publication of the Britton supplemental report, it would probably not take very much to stir things up again, and they think that the sending of Mr. Merritt's name would be just the thing to do it. It might even furnish the Democrats with a small addition to their slender stock of campaign issues.

Last summer, at the beginning of the post office investigation, Seymour Tulloch, a former cashier of the Washington Post Office, who had been somewhat unpopular when he entered upon the duties of the postmaster, filed a long document with the Postmaster-General, Mr. Payne, making charges against Mr. Merritt and other officers and ex-officers of the Department.

Mr. Payne, after subjecting himself to Messrs. Bonaparte and Conrad, furnished the Tulloch charges, which, while not affecting Mr. Merritt's personal integrity, certainly conducted over to Mr. Merritt, commenting upon this report President Roosevelt has said that he thought the comments by special counsel on Mr. Merritt's conduct were more severe than the facts warranted.

Postmaster-General Payne announced some time back his recent illness that he had taken the papers in the Merritt case to the White House and that they were in the President's hands. About a month ago it was decided to send Mr. Merritt's name to the Senate for confirmation, but for the reasons outlined this plan was changed and the President decided to wait until the adjournment of Congress and then make a recess appointment.

"Old Telescope" of Texas Dead.
DALLAS, Tex., April 17.—Michael Reunig, known throughout the United States as "Old Telescope," was found dead in the Salvation Army hotel last night. He gave telescope views of the skies. A will passed between the hands of his Bible bequeathed his telescope outfit and what money he had to Father Keran of Galveston for the benefit of Catholic orphans.

Tom Jenkins Loves Wrestling Bout in England.
Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, April 17.—Tom Jenkins wrestled with Munro, the Scotch champion, at Glasgow last night. He failed to throw Munro within the time limit of twenty minutes, and it never seemed likely that he would be able to throw him.

There are many breakfast foods.
There is one best breakfast food:
"FORCE," the morning meal of more than three millions of energetic, clear-thinking people.

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CEMETERIES.

Great Pineslawn Cemetery offers superior advantages to the public. 25 Broad St., N. Y.